PRODUCT DATA

Mouth Simulator Types 4227 and 4227-A

Mouth Simulator Types 4227 and 4227-A are high-performance artificial mouths conforming to ITU-T Rec. P.51 and designed for accurate and repeatable electroacoustic measurements.

The mouth simulators produce a guaranteed minimum continuous output of 110 dB SPL at a distance of 25 mm from the lip ring. A sound pressure level of more than 120 dB is possible with pulsed operation. A built-in overload-protection circuit minimizes the risk of accidental damage to the loudspeaker.

A microphone can be fitted at the mouth opening for use in a compressor loop to give constant sound pressure output. Accurate calibration is facilitated by a calibration jig provided with the simulator.

Type 4227-A contains a built-in class D amplifier.

Uses and Features



Uses

- Quality control testing of frequency response and distortion of telephone transmitters and close-talk microphones
- · Sound source for acoustic measurements

Features

- Accurate and very consistent simulation of human voice field
- Built-in class D amplifier (Type 4227-A only)
- · Continuous SPL of 110 dB at 25 mm from lip ring
- Low distortion
- · Built-in overload protection circuit
- Optional regulating microphone for very accurate frequency response control
- Calibration jig included
- Conforms to standards: IEEE-269, IEEE 661 and ITU-T Rec. P.51
- Low sensitivity to temperature and humidity changes

Description

The mouth simulators are high-performance, low-distortion sound sources used for testing acoustic transducers. They consist of a high-quality loudspeaker mounted in a specially shaped housing. A lip ring is mounted on the upper surface of the unit, providing a convenient reference plane for measurements. Type 4227-A has a built-in class D amplifier which simplifies setup and minimizes thermal output, allowing use of the mouth simulator in small test chamber installations while avoiding heating of tested components.

When testing telephone transmitters and close-talk microphones, it is required that the sound field closely replicates the sound field generated by the human mouth, as specified in IEEE 269 and ITU-T Rec P.51 as fulfilled by Types 4227 and 4227-A. See Specifications for more details.



Fig. 1

Left: Types 4227 and 4227-A include two lip rings and a calibration jig;

Centre: Mouth simulator shown with free-field microphone Type 4191 in jig for calibration according to IEEE 269 (0° incidence);

Right: Mouth simulator shown with pressure-field microphone Type 4192 in jig for calibration according to ITU-T Rec. P.51 (90° incidence)



Calibration of the mouth simulator can be made with the aid of the provided Calibration Jig UA-0901. The jig is designed to hold a ½" measuring microphone at a distance of 25 mm from the lip ring (see Fig. 1). It consists of two interlocking plates that can be fitted together in two ways enabling the microphone to be held with its axis at either 0° (free-field microphone, Fig. 1, centre) or 90° (pressure-field microphone Fig. 1, right) to the mouth axis.

A Brüel & Kjær ¼" microphone with ¼" preamplifier can be fitted in the mouth opening to monitor the acoustic output level (Fig. 3). The use of such a microphone is strongly recommended whenever an extremely stable system with a flat frequency response is required without sacrificing ease of operation. The simulator is fitted with a removable plastic dummy ¼"microphone in the mouth opening. This ensures that the mouth simulator has the same acoustic characteristics whether a monitoring microphone is installed or not.

Frequency Response

A typical frequency response without equalization is shown in Fig. 2. A frequency response with less than ±1 dB deviation over the frequency range (100 Hz to 10 kHz) at 25 mm distance from the lip ring can easily be obtained with the aid of an equalizing arrangement comprising: a ¼" microphone, inserted in the mouth opening of the simulator, measuring the reference sound pressure (Fig. 3). The mouth simulators are delivered with a calibration chart giving the frequency response measured at a distance of 25 mm from the lip ring.

Fig. 2
Typical frequency
response of Type 4227
and Type 4227-A at lip
ring without
equalization

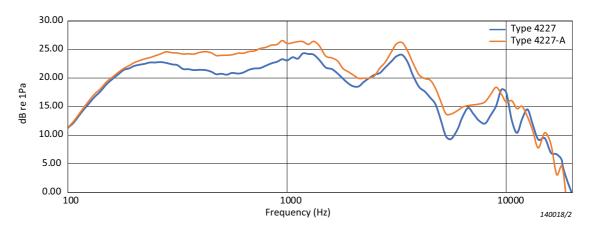


Fig. 3
Left: Mouth simulator shown with a ¼" reference microphone, Type 4938, positioned in the mouth opening Centre: Type 4227 has dual banana input connectors
Right: Type 4227-A has a BNC input and a power supply

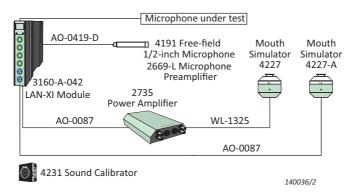
connector



Applications

Testing of telephone handsets is facilitated with Telephone Test Head Type 4602. This permits the accurate mounting of the handset relative to the mouth simulator and can also hold various types of artificial ear assemblies. Accurate automated quality control checks of audio communication transducers can be made with a PULSE™ Electroacoustics Type 7797 or 7907 test system. See Fig. 4 for an overview of two different microphone test systems, one with Type 4227, and one with Type 4227-A.

Fig. 4Overview of microphone test systems



Compliance with Standards

€	The CE marking is the manufacturer's declaration that the product meets the requirements of the applicable EU directives RCM mark indicates compliance with applicable ACMA technical standards – that is, for telecommunications, radio communications, EMC and EME China RoHS mark indicates compliance with administrative measures on the control of pollution caused by electronic information products according to the Ministry of Information Industries of the People's Republic of China WEEE mark indicates compliance with the EU WEEE Directive
Safety	EN/IEC 61010-1, ANSI/UL 61010-1 and CSAC22.2 No.1010.1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use
EMC Emission	EN/IEC 61000–6–3: Generic emission standard for residential, commercial and light industrial environments EN/IEC 61326: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements
EMC Immunity	EN/IEC 61000–6–2: Generic standards – Immunity for industrial environments EN/IEC 61326: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements Note: The above is only guaranteed using accessories listed in this Product Data sheet
Temperature	IEC 60068–2–1 & IEC 60068–2–2: Environmental Testing. Cold and Dry Heat Operating Temperature: –5 to +40 °C (23 to 104 °F) Storage Temperature: –25 to +70 °C (–13 to 158 °F)
Humidity	IEC 60068–2–78: Damp Heat: 90% RH (non-condensing at 40 °C (104 °F))
Mechanical	Non-operating: IEC 60068–2–6: Vibration: 0.3 mm, 20 m/s², 10 – 500 Hz IEC 60068–2–27: Shock: 1000 m/s² IEC 60068–2–29: Bump: 1000 bumps at 250 m/s²

Specifications	Туре 4227	Туре 4227-А			
General					
Compliance with Standards	ITU-T Rec. 51, IEEE 269 and 661	ITU-T Rec. 51, IEEE 269 and 661			
Input Connector	Banana (female)	BNC (female)			
Continuous Max. Input at 20 °C (86 °F)	10 W	0.7 V _{rms}			
Pulsed Max. Input at 20 $^{\circ}$ C (86 $^{\circ}$ F) -2 s on, 20 s off	50 W	1.5 V _{rms}			
Input Impedance	4 Ω	Greater than 30 k Ω			
Typical Input Amplifier Gain	N/A	19 dB ±0.3 dB			
Input Protection Circuit	Threshold voltage: 6.4 V Detection Time: 1 s Recovery Time: 2 s (loudspeaker disconnected)	Threshold voltage: 1 V Detection Time: 12 s Recovery Time: 2 s (loudspeaker muted)			
Sound Pressure Distribution	See ITU-T Rec. P.51 Table 5	See ITU-T Rec. P.51 Table 5			
Continuous Output Level at MRP with Sine Tones	 Min. 110 dB SPL, 200 Hz to 2 kHz Min. 100 dB SPL, 100 Hz to 8 kHz 	 Min. 110 dB SPL, 200 Hz to 4 kHz Min. 100 dB SPL, 100 Hz to 10 kHz Min. 80 dB SPL, 100 Hz to 17.0 kHz 			
Continuous Output Level at MRP with 1/3-octave Pink Noise	Min. 100 dB SPL, 50 Hz to 16 kHzMin. 94 dB SPL, 20 Hz to 20 kHz	Min. 106 dB SPL, 50 Hz to 16 kHz Min. 100 dB SPL, 20 Hz to 20 kHz			
Typical Sensitivity at 1 kHz at mouth reference point (MRP)	• 104 dB SPL @ 2 V _{rms}	 94 dB SPL @ 35 mV_{rms} 110 dB SPL @ 0.2 V_{rms} 120 dB SPL @ 0.7 V_{rms} 			
Harmonic Distortion at 100 dB SPL	Less than 4% above 125 Hz to 200 Hz Less than 1% above 200 Hz; considering components up to 8 kHz	Less than 10% from 100 Hz to 125 Hz Less than 3% above 125 Hz to 200 Hz Less than 1% above 200 Hz to 315 Hz Less than 0.8% above 315 Hz; considering components up to 10 kHz			
Mechanical					
Mouth Opening Diameter	20 mm (0.8")	20 mm (0.8")			
Loudspeaker Diameter	88 mm (3.5")	88 mm (3.5")			
Equivalent Lip Plane Position, CL	6 mm (0.24")	6 mm (0.24")			
Mouth Reference Point	25 mm (0.98")	25 mm (0.98")			
Weight	2.2 kg (4.85 lb)	2.2 kg (4.85 lb)			
Dimensions	• Height: 104 mm (4.1") • Diameter: 104 mm (4.1")	Height: 104 mm (4.1") Diameter: 104 mm (4.1")			
Environmental					
Operating Temperature Range	−5 °C to 40 °C (23 °F to 104 °F)	-5 °C to 40 °C (23 °F to 104 °F)			

Ordering Information

Type 4227 and 4227-A Mouth Simulators include the following accessories:		Type 4939	1/4" Free-field Condenser Microphone (for monitoring acoustic output level)
 UA-0901: Calibration Jig 2 × SO-0005: Lip Rings 		UA-0899	Mouthpiece with Lip Ring (for simulating sound field of Type 4219)
DA-0150: 1/4" Plastic Microphone Dummy		UA-0801	Tripod, with ball head, lightweight set
 ZG-0426: Power Supply 100 – 240 V AC (Type 4227-A only) 		DB-2164	Adapter screw, for Tripod UA-0801
OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES		WL-1325-D-050	Cable, SpeakON, 4-pin (F) to 2-way banana (M), 5 m (16.7 ft), max. +70 °C (158 °F)
Type 2669 Type 2670 Type 4191	1/2" Microphone Preamplifier 1/4" Microphone Preamplifier Free-field Microphone for calibration	AO-0087-D-012	Cable, coax single screen, BNC (M) to BNC (M), 1.2 m (4 ft), max. +85 °C (185 °F)
Type 4192	Pressure-field Microphone for calibration	CALIBRATION	
Type 4938	1/4" Pressure-field Condenser Microphone	4227-CAF	Accredited Calibration
••	(for monitoring acoustic output level)	4227-CFF	Factory Standard Calibration (included with delivery)

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